Codes, concepts and categories, oh my! Building your skills in qualitative data analysis

ASSOCIATION OF PEDIATRIC PROGRAM DIRECTORS

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Welcome!

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Disclosures

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Objectives

- Define and differentiate 3 common qualitative analytical approaches
- 2. Recognize which analytical approach is appropriate for a given research question and goal
- 3. Analyze qualitative data through the development of your own coding scheme and themes

Agenda

1. Brief introduction to qualitative research	3:15-3:25 pm
2. Discuss the concept and process of coding,	3:25-3:35
category and theme creation	
3. Activity 1: Code a transcript	3:35-4:00
4. Activity 2: Create categories and themes	4:00-4:20
5. Discuss how to select an analytical approach	4:20-4:30
6. Q&A, summary and workshop evaluation	4:30-4:45

What is Qualitative Research?

AND WHEN SHOULD YOU USE IT

Qualitative Research

- Designed to understand the perspectives and experiences of individuals or groups
- Subjective
 - Emphasizes meaning, interpretation
- Inductive
 - Goal is to generate hypotheses, develop theories
- Reflective
 - Acknowledges researcher's role and biases

When should you use qualitative methods?

- •Explore a problem or issue in depth
- Understand variables that are difficult to measure quantitatively
 - Inform survey design
- •Empower individuals to share their stories, give a voice
- Explain how ideas link together in existing theories or models
- Generate new theories

Qualitative Research Requires Rigor

Quantitative Criteria	Qualitative Counterpart	Definition
Internal Validity	Credibility	Truth value
External Validity	Transferability	Applicability
Reliability	Dependability	Consistency
Objectivity	Confirmability	Neutrality

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Analyzing Data

CODING, CATEGORY AND THEME CREATION

Analysis Considerations

- •Who will be part of your analysis team?
- •How will you divide the work?
 - Everyone codes all transcripts
 - Everyone codes first X transcripts, agrees on coding schema and then divides up the remaining transcripts
- •What will you use to help organize your analysis?
 - Qualitative analysis software (Atlas.ti, Dedoose, Hyperresearch, Nvivo, etc.)
 - Excel
 - Notecards

Data Analysis Steps

- Read through data
- Develop preliminary code list
 - Code word/phrase (often taken verbatim from text) which represents a single idea
 - Single words, phrases, sentences, or paragraphs can be coded
- Discuss code list with colleagues to finalize list and create codebook (iterative process)
- Code remaining transcripts using codebook
- Organize codes into larger categories
- •Organize categories into larger, overarching themes (thematic analysis)

Code → Category → Theme

Theme

Theme

Theme – word/phrase to describe broader, overarching idea

Category

Category

Category

Category

Category – word/phrase to describe a group of codes

Code

Code

Code

Code

Code

Code

Code

Code – word/phrase which represents a single idea

Quotes

There seems to not be enough time in the day. Sometimes I find I'm just too tired to focus on reading.

More pressing issues of day-to-day work and patient care

Time constraints with work

Time

When I'm home I want to do other things

Being tired

Having too many other pressing matters to attend to

Being constantly tired

Time

Balancing work and family

Li ST, et al. Successful Self-Directed Life-Long Learning in Medicine: A Conceptual Model Derived from Qualitative Analysis of a National Survey of Pediatric Residents. Academic Medicine. 2010; 85(7):1229-1236.

Quotes	Code List
There seems to not be enough time in the day. Sometimes I find I'm just too tired to focus on reading.	Time
More pressing issues of day-to-day work and patient care	
Time constraints with work	
Time	
When I'm home I want to do other things	
Being tired	
Having too many other pressing matters to attend to	
Being constantly tired	
Time	
Balancing work and family	

Quotes	Code List
There seems to not be enough time in the day. Sometimes I find I'm just too tired to focus on reading.	Time
More pressing issues of day-to-day work and patient care	Tired
Time constraints with work	
Time	
When I'm home I want to do other things	
Being tired	
Having too many other pressing matters to attend to	
Being constantly tired	
Time	
Balancing work and family	

Quotes	Code List
There seems to not be enough time in the day. Sometimes I find I'm just too tired to focus on reading.	Time
More pressing issues of day-to-day work and patient care	Tired
Time constraints with work	Patient care/learner balance
Time	
When I'm home I want to do other things	
Being tired	
Having too many other pressing matters to attend to	
Being constantly tired	
Time	
Balancing work and family	

Quotes	Code List
There seems to not be enough time in the day. Sometimes I find I'm just too tired to focus on reading.	Time
More pressing issues of day-to-day work and patient care	Tired
Time constraints with work	Patient care/learner balance
Time	Balancing life and work
When I'm home I want to do other things	
Being tired	
Having too many other pressing matters to attend to	
Being constantly tired	
Time	
Balancing work and family	

From Codes to Categories

Codes	Categories
Time pressuresTired	??
Balancing pt. care/learningBalancing life/work	??

From Codes to Categories

Codes	Categories
Time pressuresTired	Environmental Strain
Balancing pt.care/learningBalancing life/work	Competing Demands

Code → Category → Theme

Theme

333

Theme – word/phrase to describe broader, overarching idea

Category

Category

Environmental Strain

Competing Demands

Category – word/phrase to describe a group of codes

Code

Code

Code

Time

Tired

Pt-care

Lifework

Code – word/phrase which represents a single idea

Code → Category → Theme

Theme

Barriers to Achieving Learning Goals

Theme – word/phrase to describe broader, overarching idea

Category

Category

Environmental Strain

Competing Demands

Category – word/phrase to describe a group of codes

Code

Code

Code

Time

Tired

Pt-care

Lifework

Code – word/phrase which represents a single idea

Theme: Barriers to Achieving Learning Goals

Quotes	Code	Category
 There seems to not be enough time in the day Time Time constraints with work 	Time pressures	Environmental Strain
 Sometimes I find I'm just too tired to focus on reading Being tired Being constantly tired 	Tired	
 Having too many other pressing matters to attend to More pressing issues of day-to-day work and patient care 	Patient care- learner balance	Competing Demands
 Balancing work and family When I'm home I want to do other things 	Life-work balance	

How many codes?

- Depends on research question
- •Start with large number, then refine over time through additional analysis (iterative) and discussion (peer debriefing)
- •End result = 25-30 codes -> 4-5 themes
- •Single transcript = 10-15 codes

Small Group Activity 1: Practice Coding

- Independently read the transcript and develop a preliminary list of codes using the worksheet provided
- 2. In small groups of 3-4, discuss your code lists and develop 1 agreed-upon list
- 3. Reapply agreed upon code list to your own transcripts

Small Group Activity 2: Create Categories and Themes

- In your small groups of 3-4, review your coded transcripts and decide how to organize your codes into categories
- 2. From your categories, develop 2-4 themes that represent the data and how ideas are related
- 3. Be prepared to share your themes with your table

3 Approaches to Analysis

CONTENT, THEMATIC AND GROUNDED THEORY

Selecting An Approach

1. Research goal

2. Data that you have

	Research Goal	Type of Data
Content	 Describe data as is Quantify codes or categories Compare frequency of categories between groups (residents v. fellows) 	 Open-ended survey questions Structured interviews or focus groups Essays/narratives
Thematic	 Develop themes Interpret "big picture" meaning of data 	 Structured or semi- structured interviews or focus groups Essays/narratives
Grounded Theory	 Generate a theory or conceptual model about a process/social phenomenon 	Semi-structured interviews or focus groupsEssays/narratives

Research Questions

Content Analysis

How do residents and fellows differ in the strategies they use to cultivate their own wellness during training?

Thematic Analysis

What factors facilitate resident wellness during residency training?

Grounded Theory

What factors facilitate resident wellness <u>and</u> what is the relationship between these?

Descriptive → **Transformative**

Theory

Content Analysis

Count frequency of categories

Develop categories

Code

Thematic Analysis

Combine categories into themes

Develop categories

Code

Generate theory/model for how themes relate

Grounded

Combine categories into themes

Develop categories

Code

What does it mean to be "well" during residency?

CONTENT, THEMATIC AND GROUNDED THEORY ANALYSIS

Content Analysis

Codes	Categories
Finding momentsNot a goal	Wellness is a process
EffortPracticeDaily occurrence	Requires deliberate practice
MindfulnessDeep breathingAttention/awarenessGratitude	Involves connecting to oneself
 Meaningful connection with patients, co-residents, significant others/friends 	Involves connecting to others
PeaceJoyGrounding	Outcomes of wellness

Thematic Analysis

Codes	Categories	Themes
Finding momentsNot a goal	Wellness is a process	
EffortPracticeDaily occurrence	Requires deliberate practice	Effort Every Day
MindfulnessDeep breathingAttention/awarenessGratitude	Involves connecting to oneself	Connection
 Meaningful connection with patients, co- residents, significant others/friends 	Involves connecting to others	
PeaceJoyGrounding	Outcomes of wellness	Being Well

Thematic Analysis

Effort Every Day

 Wellness is a process, not an end point, and requires intentional, daily effort.

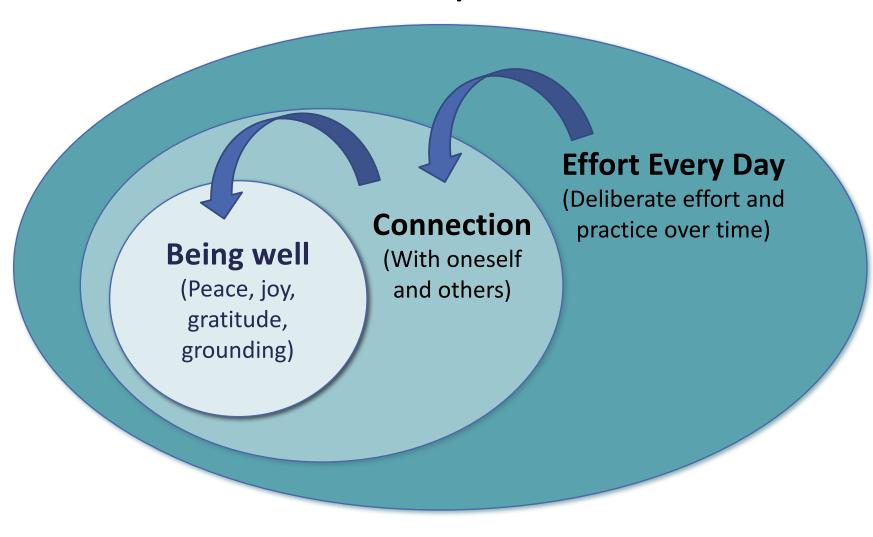
Connection

 Wellness involves seeking and cultivating a sense of connection: to oneself through mindfulness and attention; to patients and colleagues through meaningful relationships; and to one's work and workplace through engagement.

Being Well

 When practiced, wellness leads to a sense of grounding, joy and peace.

Grounded Theory



Descriptive → **Transformative**

Theory

Content Analysis

Count frequency of categories

Develop categories

Code

Thematic Analysis

Combine categories into themes

Develop categories

Code

Generate theory/model for how themes relate

Grounded

Combine categories into themes

Develop categories

Code

Conclusions

- Coding is the building block of all qualitative analysis
- Approach you select depends on:
 - Research goal
 - Type of data
- Analytical approach should be determined early:
 - Research question and study design
- •Embrace the process, consult with qualitative researcher if publication is goal

Thank you!

What questions can we answer for you?

Resource packet

Please complete the brief (1-2 minute) evaluation so we can improve this workshop for future years!